5. (Amended) [A] The compound [according to any of claims 1 to 3] of claim 1, wherein x is 1 or 2, and R¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C₁ to C₂ alkoxy (optionally substituted by halo), C₁ to C₂ cycloalkylalkoxy (wherein the cycloalkyl group is optionally substituted by C₁ to C₄ alkyl or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo), arylalkoxy (wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted by C₁ to C₄ alkyl, C₁ to C₃ alkoxy or halo, and the alkoxy group is optionally substituted by halo) and C₁ to C₂ alkylamino wherein the alkyl group is optionally substituted by halo.

- 6. (Amended) [A] <u>The</u> compound [according to any preceding claim] of claim 1, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is H, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>7</sub> alkyl or benzyl.
- 7. (Amended) [A] The compound [according to any preceding claim] of claim 1, wherein  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are independently selected from the group consisting of H, aryl( $C_1$  to  $C_3$ )alkyl and cycloalkyl( $C_1$  to  $C_3$ )alkyl, and are optionally substituted by halo.
- 8. (Amended) [A] <u>The</u> compound [according to any preceding claim] <u>of claim 1</u>, wherein Y is propylene, butylene, pentylene, hexylene, heptylene, octylene or nonylene.
- 9. (Amended) [A] The compound [according to any preceding claim] of claim 1, wherein  $m+n \ge 3$ .
- 10. (Amended)  $m+n \ge 3$ ,  $Z-R^2$  is

[A] The compound [according to] of claim 8, wherein

NH NH<sub>3</sub>

and R5 is benzyl or halobenzyl.

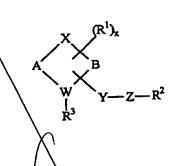
Please cancel claim 11 without prejudice.

12. (Amended) A compound which is degraded *in vivo* to yield [a] <u>the</u> compound [according to any] of [claims claim 1 [to 10].

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13. (Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of [a] the compound [according to any] of [claims] claim 1 [to 10], and a physiologically acceptable diluent or carrier.

28. (Amended) [The use of an H<sub>3</sub> receptor ligand in the manufacture of a medicament for] A method of modifying H<sub>3</sub> receptor activity in a patient, which comprises administering to a patient in need of a modification a therapeutically effective amount of H<sub>3</sub> receptor ligand or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, said H<sub>3</sub> receptor ligand being a compound of the formula



wherein

A is  $(CH_2)_m$ , m being from 1 to 3;

B is (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>, n being from 1 to 3;

x is from 0 to 2;

 $R^1$  is  $C_1$  to  $C_{10}$  hydrocarbyl, in which up to 2 carbon atoms may be replaced by O, S or N, and up to 2 hydrogen atoms may be replaced by halogen;

 $R^2$  is H or  $C_1$  to  $C_{15}$  hydrocarbyl, in which up to 3 carbon atoms may be replaced by O,

S or N, and up to 3 hydrogen atoms may be replaced by halogen;

R<sup>3</sup> is absent when -Y-Z-R<sup>2</sup> is attached to W, or is H or C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>2</sub> hydrocarbyl when

-Y-Z-R<sup>2</sup> is not attached to W;

W is nitrogen;

X is  $-CH_2$ -, -O- or -NR<sup>4</sup>-, R<sup>4</sup> being H or  $C_1$  to  $C_3$  alkyl;

Y replaces a hydrogen atom on any of A, B, W and X, and is C<sub>2</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkylene, in which one non-terminal carbon atom may be replaced by O; and

Z is

wherein R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently H or C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>15</sub> hydrocarbyl, in which up to 3 carbon atoms may be replaced by 0 or N, and up to 3 hydrogen atoms may be replaced by halogen, and Q is H or methyl, or Q is linked to R<sup>5</sup> or R<sup>7</sup> to form a five-membered ring or Q is linked to R<sup>2</sup> to form a six-membered ring.